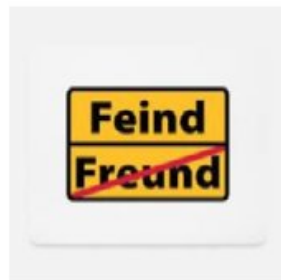


Mesh in pelvic floor surgery: friend or foe?

PD Dr. Marco von Strauss

Friend or «Foe»

- «Foe»
 - **Widersacher**
 - **Feind**
 - **Gegner**



What are we talking about?

- Video da Vinci VMR

What are we not talking about?

- Abbildung TVT

Short review...



×

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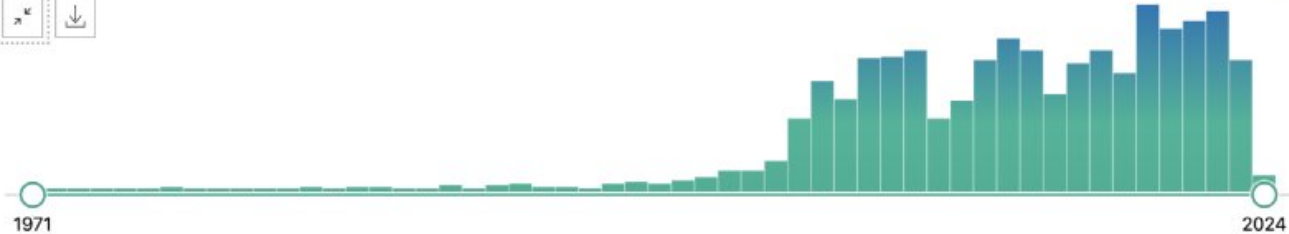
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RESULTS BY YEAR

1,344 results

Page 1 of 135



Short review...



Mesh in pelvic floor surgery

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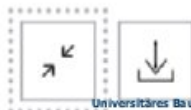
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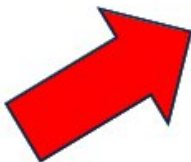
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RESULTS BY YEAR



Universitäres Bauchzentrum Basel

1,344 results

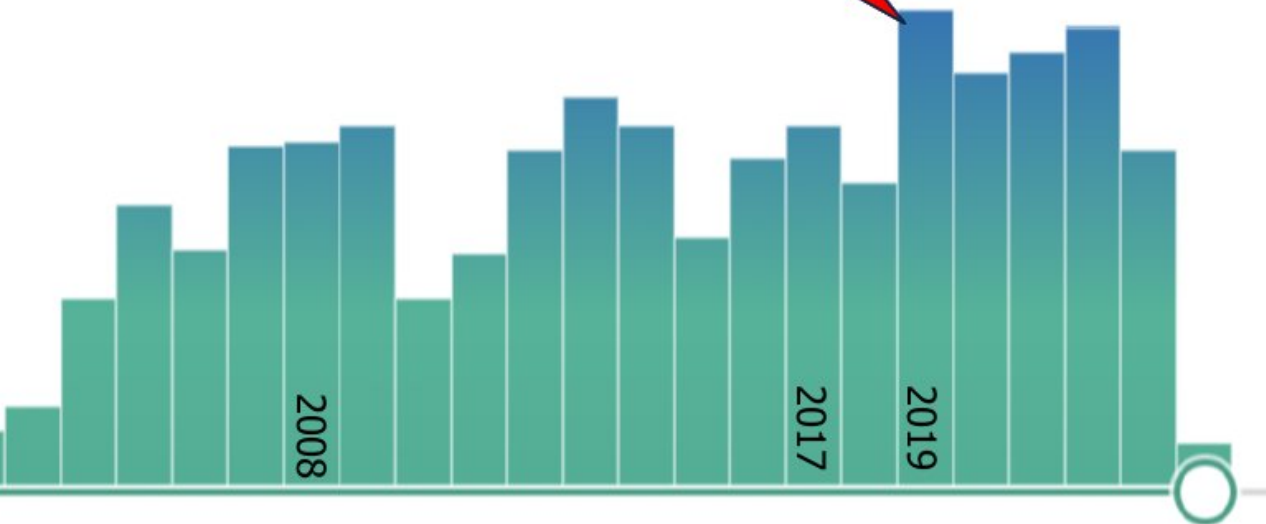




Page



of 135



Mesh in pelvic floor surgery: The rationale

- Indications for mesh
 - **Rectal prolapse**
 - **Internal prolapse**
 - **Rectocele / Enterocele**
 - **Anterior Compartment prolapse/stress urinary incontinence**
- **Obstructive defecation**
- **Others:**
- **Perineal hernia (prophylaxis)**

Why mesh?

- High(er?) recurrence rates w/o mesh
- Sustainable fixation
- Induction of fibrosis/scar formation to support collagen synthesis

Original article

doi:10.1111/cod.12177

PROSPER: a randomised comparison of surgical treatments for rectal prolapse

A. Sanapati¹*, R. G. Gray[†], L. J. Middleton[‡], J. Harding[§], R. K. Hills[¶], N. C. M. Armitage^{**}, L. Buckley^{††} and J. M. A. Northover^{‡‡} on behalf of the PROSPER Collaborative Group¹

¹Queen Alexandra Hospital, Portsmouth, UK; [†]Clinical Trials Unit, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK; [‡]Birmingham Clinical Trials Unit, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, UK; [§]Gloucester Health and HIV Research Department, Whitehall Street Clinic, Birmingham, UK; [¶]Gloucester Clinical Trials Unit, Cardiff University School of Medicine, Cardiff, UK; ^{**}Colon and Rectal Surgery Unit, Nottingham University Hospitals, Nottingham, UK; ^{††}Cancer Research UK Clinical Trials Unit, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, UK and ^{‡‡}Mark Taper Hospital for Internal and Colorectal Disorders, London, UK

Received 27 November 2012; accepted 5 February 2013; Accepted Article online 5 March 2013

CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINES

Clinical Practice Guidelines for the Treatment of Rectal Prolapse

Liliana Bordeianou, M.D., M.P.H. • Ian Paquette, M.D. • Eric Johnson, M.D.
Stefan D. Holubar, M.D. • Wolfgang Gaertner, M.D. • Daniel L. Feingold, M.D.
Scott R. Steele, M.D.

Prepared by the Clinical Practice Guidelines Committee of the American Society of Colon and Rectal Surgeons

Approach & Mesh

- Perineal approach
 - **TVT / Band operations in Urogynecology**
 - **Transvaginal aproach in Rectocele repair**
 - **Prophylactic mesh placements in APR or for perineal hernia repair**
- Abdominal approach
 - **Lap./Robotic Ventral mesh rectopexy**
 - **POPS (pelvic organ prolapse suspension)**
 - **Sacrocolpo(recto)pexy**
 - **(posterior mesh rectopexy)**

Mesh Types

- Absorbable
 - **Biodesign (Cook Medical®)** porcine small intestinal submucosa-collagen
 - **Permacol®** (porcine dermal collagen)
- Synthetic
 - ***Polyester (?)***
 - **Polypropylene** (J&J (Prolene) Marlex (Bard)
 - **PVDF Polyvinylidene fluoride** (Dynamesh)
 -



Mesh fixation

- Where?
 - **Rectum**
 - **Vaginal stump**
 - **Rectovaginal septum**
 - **Sacrum**
 - **Anterior abdominal wall**
- How
 - **Absorbable sutures**
 - **Non absorbable sutures**
 - **Tacker (absorbable/non absorbable)**



The potential «cost» of mesh (fixation)

- Morbidity
 - **Mesh erosion**
 - **De novo chronic pain**
 - **De novo dyspareunia**
 - **Recurrence**
 - **Shrinkage**
 - **Obstruction (bowel/ureter/urethra/vagina)**
 - **Adhesive bowel obstruction**
 - **Fistula formation**

The potential «cost» of mesh (fixation)

- Morbidity
 - **Mesh erosion (0-2,4%)**
 - **De novo chronic pain (15%)**
 - **De novo dyspareunia (0-30%)**
 - **Recurrence (1-18%)**
 - **Shrinkage**
 - **Obstruction (bowel/ureter/urethra/vagina)**
 - **Adhesive bowel obstruction**
 - **Fistula formation**

Mesh in pelvic floor surgery: The «Irrationale»?

- FDA warning 2008 **on transvaginal mesh**
- Ban on mesh in pelvic floor surgery in UK 2017
 - **For transvaginal mesh (TVT et al)**
 - **For pelvic organ prolapse**



News > Health News

TOO LITTLE TOO LATE? Vaginal mesh implants that have left hundreds of women in agonising pain should be banned, NICE says

Uddi Parry

Published: 11:00, 27 May 2017 | Updated: 10:00, 28 May 2017



Government halts vaginal mesh surgery in NHS hospitals

Suspension ordered in England to avoid further risk of life-changing injuries to women



EXCLUSIVE

Fabulous > Health And Fitness

SLING THE MESH It's barbaric and ruins women's lives... Mum who could barely walk after vaginal mesh implant calls for the 'disgusting' procedure to be banned



Mesh-Related Complications Compensation No Ads

Transvaginal Mesh Implant News

Seeking Justice: Pelvic Mesh Compensation Amidst Calls for Bans on Surgical Mesh

10 May 2018 14:50



NICE National Institute for Health and Care Excellence



Laparoscopic ventral mesh rectopexy for internal rectal prolapse

Interventional procedures guidance
Published: 20 June 2018

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News > Health News

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Published: 11:00, 27 May 2017 | Updated: 09:00, 30 May 2017



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By Sarah Jones | 14 May 2017



NICE National Institute for Health and Care Excellence



Laparoscopic ventral mesh rectopexy for internal rectal prolapse

Interventional procedures guidance
Published: 20 June 2018

ACPGBI Position Statement 2017

- Morbidity for ventral mesh rectopexy lower
- MDT for indication
- Adequate training
- Outcome registry
- No use of polyester mesh

Consensus statement

doi:10.1111/coab.13893

Position statement by the Pelvic Floor Society on behalf of the Association of Coloproctology of Great Britain and Ireland on the use of mesh in ventral mesh rectopexy

M. A. Mercer-Jones^{*}, S. R. Brown[†], C. H. Knowles[‡] and A. B. Williams[§]

^{*}Gateshead NHS Trust, Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Gateshead, UK, [†]Sheffield Teaching Hospitals, Sheffield, UK, [‡]National Bowel Research Centre, Bland Institute, Queen Mary University London, London, UK, and [§]Craig's and St Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust, London, UK

Received 19 July 2017; accepted 31 August 2017; Accepted Article online 19 September 2017

Risk of mesh in transvaginal & transabdominal procedures

- Transvaginal mesh (TVT et al)
 - **Intra & early postoperative**
 - Hemorraghe
 - Bowel perforation
 - Nerve damage (Pain 30%!)
 - **5% re-operation after 5 year**
 - **6% mesh erosion**
 - **4% revisional surgery**
 - **3% removal**
 - **Overall complication rate 20-40%**
- Trans abdominal mesh
 - **Intra & early postoperative**
 - Hemorraghe 0.5%
 - Obstruction 0.3%
 - Bowel perforation 0.4%
 - **2% mesh erosions after 5a**
 - **1% re-eoperation**
 - **Removal rarely indicated**
 - **Overall complication rate 11%**

Kelly EC et al Obstet Gynecol 2016
Fusco F et al Eur Urol 2017
Novara G et al Eur Urol 2008
Barkski D et al Surg Technol Int 2014
Evans C DCR 2015

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Barkski D et al Surg Technol Int 2014
Evans C DCR 2015

Data on mesh in posterior compartment prolapse surgery

ORIGINAL CONTRIBUTION

A Multicenter Collaboration to Assess the Safety of Laparoscopic Ventral Rectopexy

Charles Evans, M.D., F.R.C.S.¹ • Andrew R. L. Stevenson, M.B.B.S., F.R.A.C.S.²
Pierpaolo Sileri, M.D., Ph.D.³ • Mark A. Mercer-Jones, M.B.B.S., F.R.C.S.⁴
Anthony R. Dixon, D.M., F.R.C.S., F.R.C.S.(Edinb.)⁵
Chris Cunningham, M.D., F.R.C.S.(Edinb.)¹ • Oliver M. Jones, D.M., F.R.C.S.¹
Ian Lindsey, M.B.B.S., F.R.A.C.S.¹

¹ Oxford University Hospitals National Health Service Trust, Oxford, United Kingdom

² Royal Brisbane and Women's Hospital, University of Queensland, Brisbane, Queensland, Australia

³ Department of Surgery, University of Rome Tor Vergata, Policlinico Tor Vergata, Rome, Italy

⁴ Department of Colorectal Surgery, Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Gateshead, United Kingdom

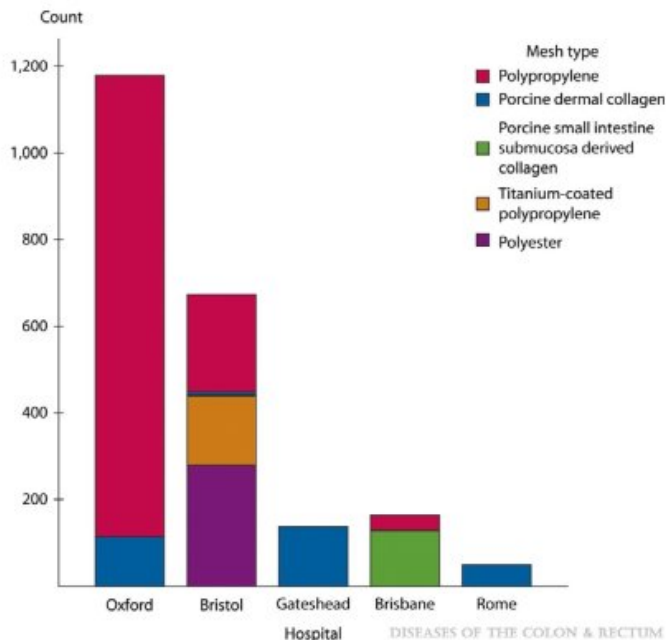
⁵ Frenchay Hospital, Bristol, United Kingdom

- 2203 PatientInnen (5 internationale Zentren)
- 80% synthetic mesh

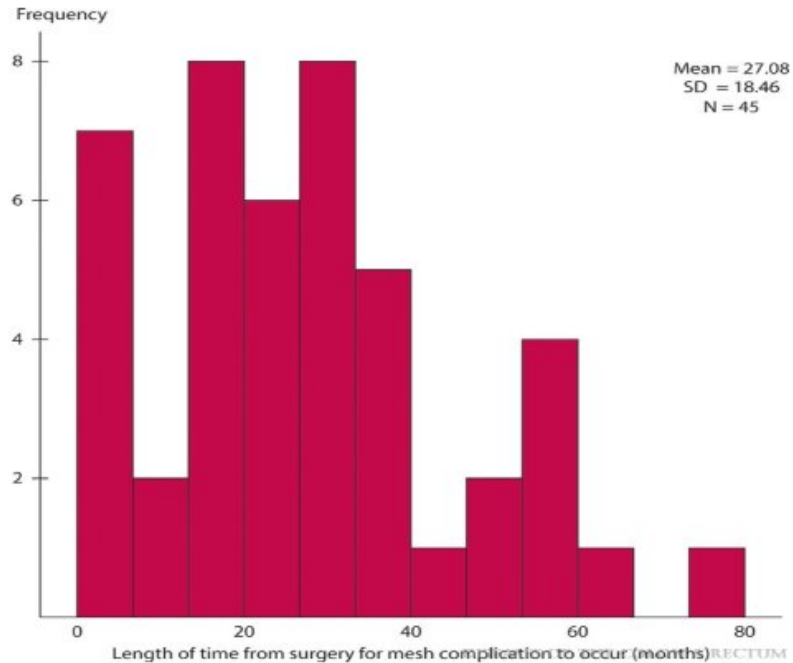
Mesh erosion by mesh type

Mesh Type	N(erosions/total)	Rate of erosion
Polypropylene	23/1325	1.7%
Polyester	18/279	6.4%
PVDF	1/160	0.6%
Porcine dermal	3/309	1%
Porcine submucosa	0/30	-

Used Mesh Types by center



Timing of mesh complication occurrence



Non Mesh related complications

<i>Complication</i>	<i>Frequency, n (%)</i>
Surgical complication	
Port site hernia	27 (1.4)
Port site infection/hematoma	26 (1.3)
Pelvic hematoma	10 (0.5)
Urinary retention	37 (1.9)
Perforated viscus	8 (0.4)
Small-bowel obstruction/ileus	6 (0.3)
Subcutaneous emphysema	3 (0.2)
Vaginal bleed/discharge	3 (0.2)
Musculoskeletal	2 (0.1)
Intersphincteric abscess	1 (0.1)
Medical complication	
Urinary infection	19 (1.0)
Respiratory infection	6 (0.3)
Cardiovascular	12 (0.6)
Venous thrombotic event	2 (0.1)
Neurological	4 (0.2)
Pain	55 (2.8)
Pyrexia of unknown origin	5 (0.2)
Diarrhea	6 (0.3)
Constipation	7(0.4)
Duodenal ulcer	2 (0.1)

Morbidity 11%

Mortality 0.1%

Pain Sites after ventral mesh rectopexy

<i>Site of postoperative pain</i>	<i>Frequency, n (%)</i>
Port site	14 (0.7)
Intra-abdominal	11 (0.6)
Perineum/perianally	10 (0.5)
Pelvic	7 (0.4)
Sacral	7 (0.4)
Back	3 (0.2)
Thigh	2 (0.1)
Neck	1 (0.1)

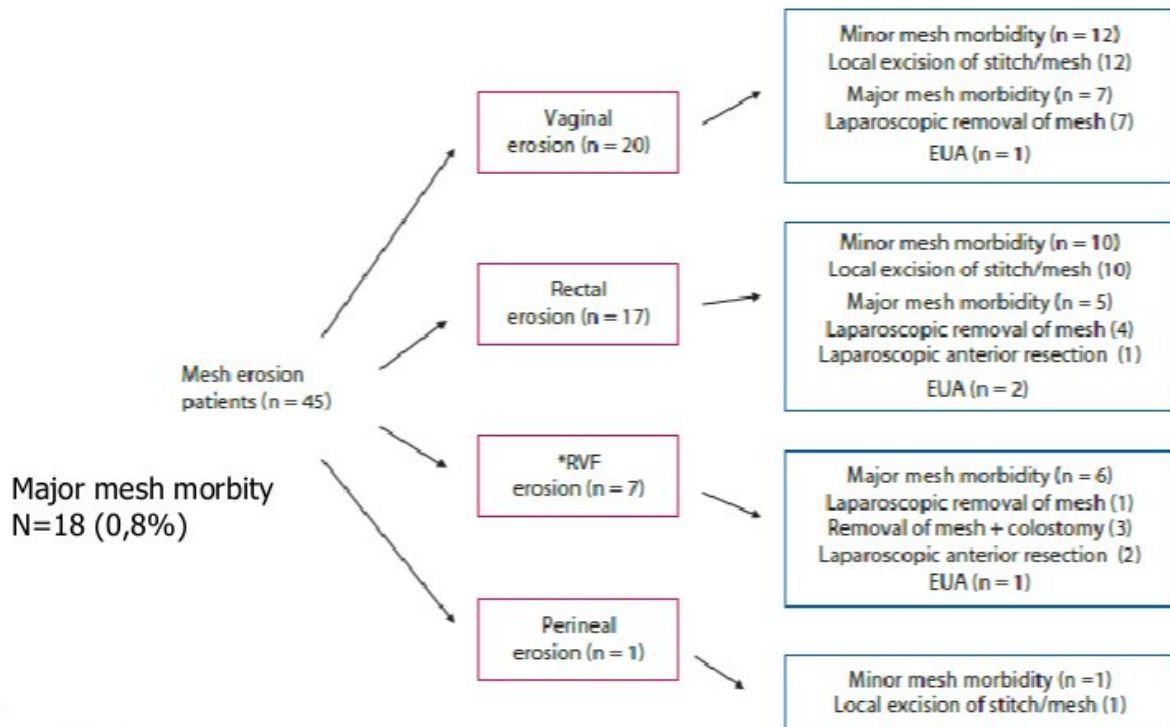
DISEASES OF THE COLON & RECTUM

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DISEASES OF THE COLON & RECTUM

Mesh Erosion Severity



Impact of Suture Type on Erosion Rate After Laparoscopic Ventral Mesh Rectopexy: A Case-Matched Study

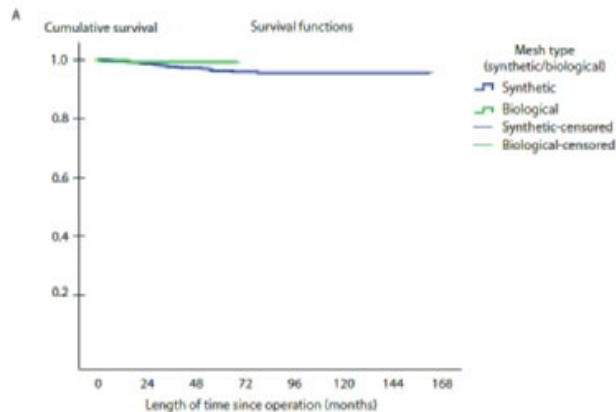
Patricia Tejedor, M.D., Ph.D. • Ian Lindsey, M.B.B.S., F.R.A.C.S.
Oliver M. Jones, D.M., F.R.C.S. • Helen J.S. Jones, M.B.Ch.B., F.R.C.S.Ed.
Kim Gorissen, M.D. • Marta Penna, M.B.B.S., B.Sc.(Hons.), M.R.C.S.
Chris Cunningham, B.Sc.(Hons.), M.B.Ch.B., M.D., F.R.C.S.Ed.

Department of Colorectal Surgery, Churchill Hospital, University Hospitals of Oxford, Oxford, United Kingdom

- Erosion 2% (n=6/495) 2010-2017
- Erosionen ausnahmslos bei Verwendung von nicht resorbierbaren Nähten

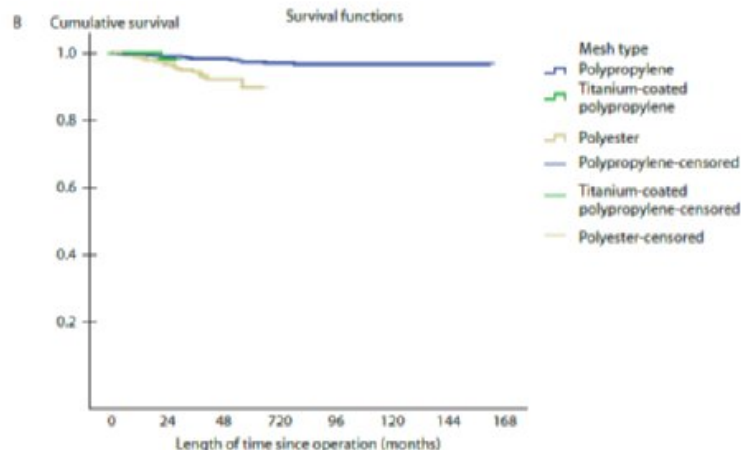
DCR 2019

CAVEATS Mesh Type



Number at risk

Time (months)	0	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96
Synthetic mesh	1764	1757	1744	1733	1730	1724	1723	1722	1722
Biological mesh	439	437	436	436	436	436	436	436	436



Mesh related complications

Techniques in Coloproctology (2022) 26:85–98
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s10151-021-02534-4>

REVIEW



Mesh-related complications and recurrence after ventral mesh rectopexy with synthetic versus biologic mesh: a systematic review and meta-analysis

E. M. van der Schans^{1,2,3} · M. A. Boom¹ · M. El Moumni² · P. M. Verheijen¹ · I. A. M. J. Broeders^{1,2} · E. C. J. Consten^{1,3}

Received: 13 August 2021 / Accepted: 27 September 2021 / Published online: 23 November 2021
© The Author(s) 2021

Recurrence by mesh type

Mesh Type	N	Recurrence	%	Confidence Intervall
Synthetic	2371	155	6%	4-8%
Biologic	602	38	6%	3-10%
Total	2973	193	6.4%	

Techniques in Coloproctology (2022) 26:85–98
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Follow up 5-74 months
Shorter for biologic mesh...

Mesh Type Basel/Wien/Edinburgh

	n/%		P-value*
Mesh type	synthetic	biologic	
Total (n=360)	220	140	
Surgical recurrence	12 (5%)	13 (9%)	0.2022
Further therapy necessary	81 (37%)	55 (39%)	0.6568
Oral laxatives	78 (35%)	44 (31%)	0.4934
Rectal laxatives	16 (7%)	15 (11%)	0.3352
Complications	24 (11%)	8 (6%)	0.2875



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Complications	24 (11%)	8 (6%)	0.2875



And the guidelines?

Obstructed defaecation syndrome: European consensus guidelines on the surgical management

A. Picciariello ^{1*}, P. R. O'Connell², D. Hahnloser³, G. Gallo ⁴, A. Munoz-Duyos⁵, O. Schwandner⁶, P. Silen⁷, G. Milito⁸, S. Riss⁹, P. A. Boccasanta¹⁰, G. Naldini¹¹, A. Arroyo ¹², F. de laPortilla¹³, P. Tsarkov¹⁴, B. Roche¹⁵, C. Isbert¹⁶, M. Trompetto¹⁷, A. d'Hoore¹⁸, K. Matzel¹⁹, E. Xynos²⁰, L. Lundby²¹, C. Ratto²², E. Consten²³, A. Infantino²⁴, Y. Panis ²⁵, G. Terrosu²⁶, E. Espin²⁷, J.-L. Faucheron ²⁸, A. Guttadauro²⁹, M. Adamina ³⁰, P. A. Lehur³¹ and D. F. Altomare¹

Algorithmus

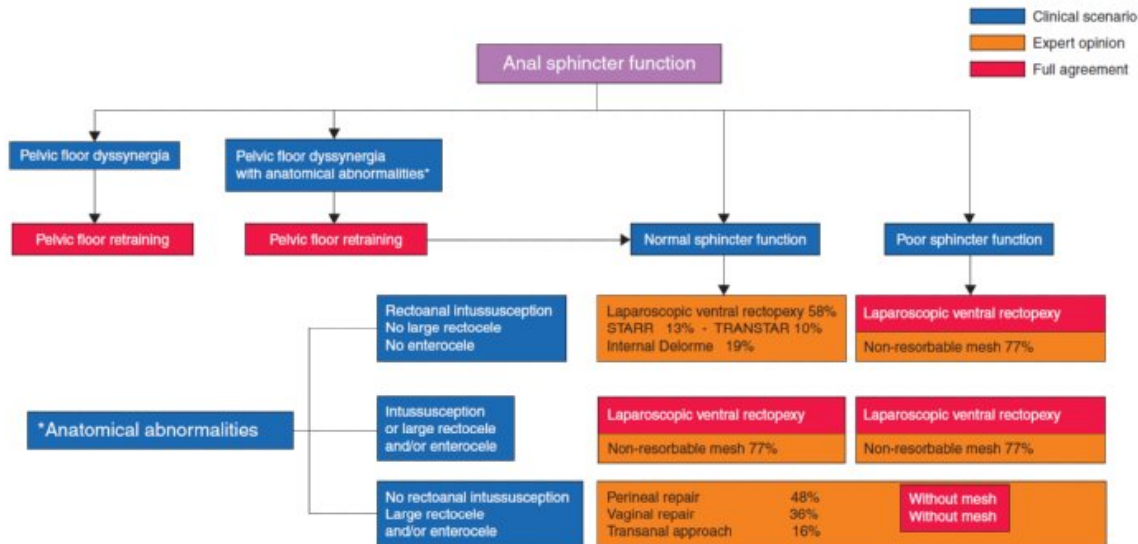
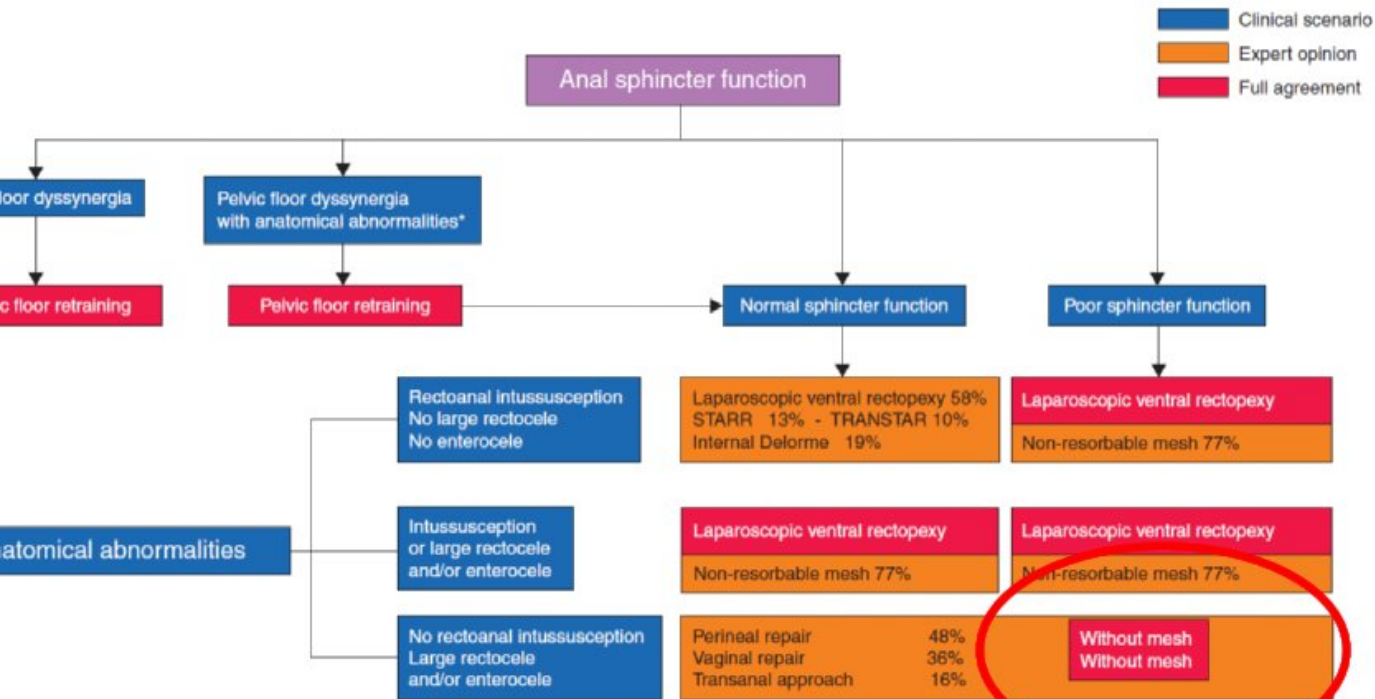
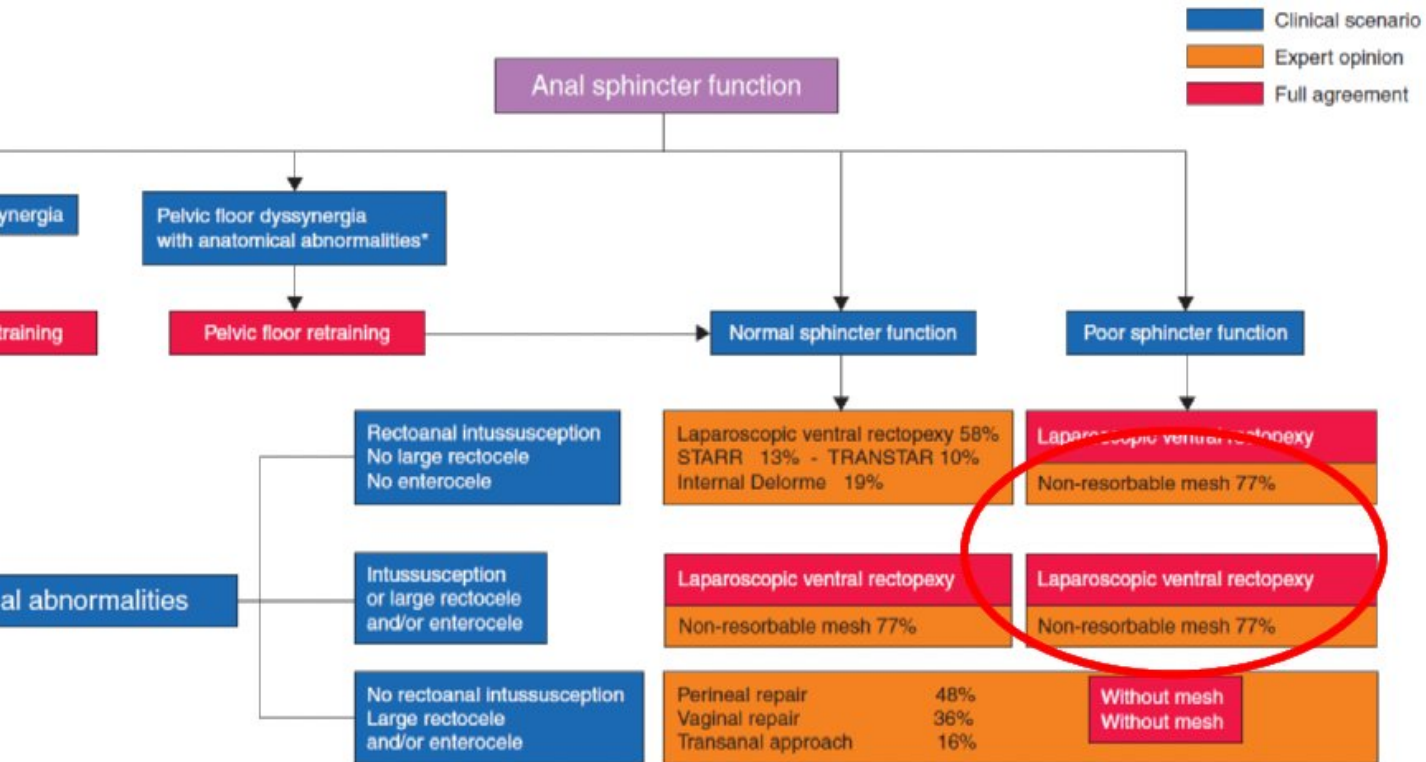


Fig. 1 Algorithm for the management of obstructed defaecation syndrome based on e-consensus

STARR, stapled transanal rectal resection; TRANSTAR.



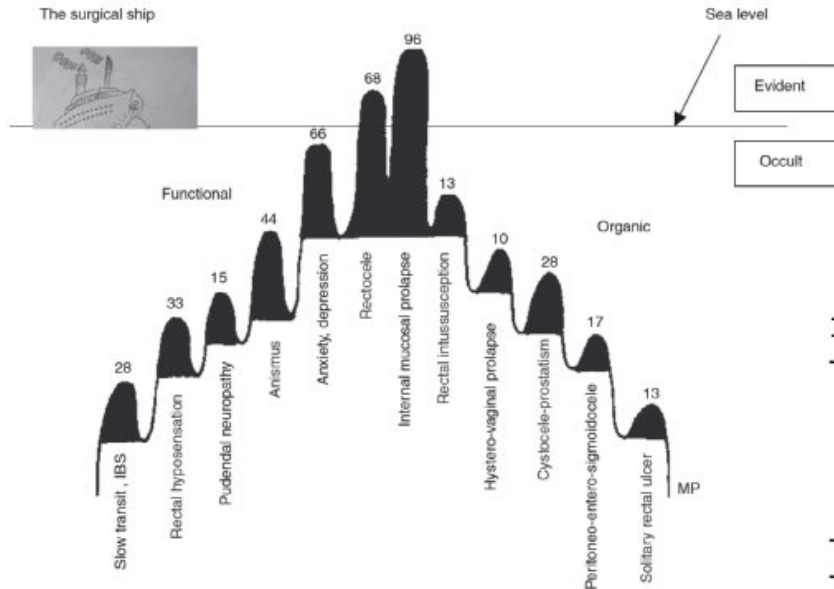
Algorithm for the management of obstructed defaecation syndrome based on e-consensus
 Transanal rectal resection; TRANSTAR.



for the management of obstructed defaecation syndrome based on e-consensus

anal rectal resection: TRANSTAR
Universitäts-Bauchzentrum Basel

CAVEAT Indication...



Pescatori M et al., Colorectal disease
2006; 9, 452-456

100 Patients

- 100: more than one disease, of those:
 - 66% Anxiety/Depression
 - 44% Anismus
 - 33% rectal hyposensation
- 66: more than three
- Median number of «icebergs»: 5

Summary

- Mesh in posterior compartment surgery is...
 - **effective**
 - **has low recurrence rates for prolapse**
 - **comes with a risk of 2% of mesh erosion...**
 - **which can be lowered by the use of absorbable fixation**
- Absorbable mesh has trend for higher recurrence rates &
 - **more reoperations...**
- Good indications are the key to success...

- Mesh is not «THE» foe